

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION,  
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF THE KYRGYZ REPUBLIC

Government-run Educational Institution of Higher Professional  
Education  
Kyrgyz-Russian Slavic University  
School of Medicine



ENDORSED BY

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## Pathophysiology, clinical pathophysiology Course Outline (Module)

Assigned to Department of Pathological physiology

Academic Curriculum 31.05.01. General medicine

Mode of Study **Intramural**  
Total Credit Value **8 credit point**

Course Hours

including: 288  
in-class learning 198  
individual work 72  
exams 18

Scope of Testing Semesters:  
exams 6  
credits 5

Course Hours Scheduling (per semester)						
Semester Academic Year	1 (1.1)		2 (1.2)		Total	
Weeks	18,7		18			
Type of Training	AC	CO	AC	CO	AC	CO
Lectures	18	18	54	54	72	72
Practical Session	54	54	72	72	126	126
Including Interactive Session	7	7	7	7	14	14
Total In-class Session	72	72	126	126	198	198
Individual Work Assessment	72	72	126	126	198	198
Face-to-face Learning			18	18	18	18
Individual Work	36	36	36	36	72	72
<b>Total</b>	108	108	180	180	288	288

## 1. COURSE OUTLINE OBJECTIVES

The general purpose of teaching pathophysiology, clinical pathophysiology is to form a student's scientific knowledge of the general laws and specific mechanisms of occurrence, development and outcomes of pathological processes, reactions, individual diseases and disease conditions, the principles of their detection, therapy and prevention.

The objectives of this discipline are: teaching students the basic concepts and modern concepts of General nosology; teaching students etiology, pathogenesis, principles of detection, treatment and prevention of the most socially significant diseases and pathological processes, taking into account age characteristics; teaching students the common patterns and mechanisms of emergence, development and outcomes of pathological processes, conditions, reactions, and diseases ;the training of students carrying out pathophysiological analysis of pathological syndrome, pathological processes, forms of individual pathology and disease ;students acquire the knowledge and skills to formulate the principles (algorithms, strategies) and methods of detection, treatment and prevention of pathological processes, conditions, reactions and diseases; acquisition of students 'knowledge and skills to analyze scientific literature and official statistical reviews, prepare reviews of scientific literature or abstracts on modern medical scientific problems; acquisition of students' knowledge and skills to carry out statistical analysis and preparation of reports on the study; training of students to comply with the basic requirements of information security; acquisition of students 'skills of methodological, methodological and practical bases of clinical thinking and effective professional action of the doctor; acquisition of students' knowledge and skills to solve individual research and scientific-applied tasks in the field of health research on etiology and pathogenesis, diagnosis, treatment, rehabilitation and prevention of human diseases.

## 2. PLACE OF THE COURSE IN THE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

Educational Program

Units:

### 2.1 Students' Preliminary Training Requirements:

2.1.1	"Philosophy" of Knowledge: methods and techniques of philosophical analysis of problems; forms and methods of scientific knowledge, their evolution. Skills: competently and independently analyze and assess the social situation in the Kyrgyz Republic, Russia and abroad and carry out their activities taking into account the results of this analysis. Skills: presenting an independent point of view, analysis and logical thinking, public speaking, ethical reasoning, debate and round tables.
2.1.2	"Physics, mathematics" Knowledge: mathematical methods for solving intellectual problems and their application in medicine; the main physical phenomena and laws underlying the processes occurring in the human body; characteristics of the impact of physical factors on the body; physical foundations of medical equipment. Skills: use of physical equipment. Skills: knowledge of methods of mathematical, statistical analysis of biomedical data of patients.
2.1.3	Biology of Knowledge: the General laws of the origin and development of life; of anthropogenesis and ontogenesis of a person; the laws of genetics, its importance for medicine; the laws of heredity and variation in individual development as the basis for the understanding of the pathogenesis and etiology of hereditary and multifactorial diseases.
2.1.4	Skills: use of biomedical laboratory equipment. Skills: proficiency in methods of studying inheritance in humans (cytogenetic method, genealogical method, twin method).
2.1.5	"Biochemistry" Knowledge: the chemical and biological essence of the processes occurring in the living organism at the molecular and cellular levels; the structure and biochemical properties of the main classes of biologically important compounds, the main metabolic pathways of their transformation; the role of cell membranes and their transport systems in metabolism in the body. Skills: interpret the results of the most common methods of laboratory diagnostics to identify pathological processes in organs. Skills: knowledge of the concept of limitation in the authenticity and specificity of the most common laboratory tests; preliminary diagnosis based on the results of biochemical studies of human biological fluids.
2.1.6	"Human Anatomy" Knowledge: anatomical-physiological, age-sexual and individual characteristics of the structure and development of a healthy and sick organism. Skills: to palpate on the person the main bone landmarks, to outline the topographic contours of the organs and the main vascular and nerve trunks. Skills: proficiency in medical and anatomical conceptual apparatus.
2.1.7	"Histology, embryology, Cytology" Knowledge: basic regularities of development and functioning of the body on the basis of the structural organization of cells, tissues and organs; histogenetically characteristics of fabric elements; methods of research.
2.1.8	Abilities: to work with magnifying equipment (microscopes, optical and simple magnifiers); to analyze histophysiological structure of cells, tissues and organs. Skills: microscopy and analysis of histological preparations and electronic microphotography.

2.1.9	"Pathological anatomy" Knowledge: basic laws of development of diseases on the basis of changes in the structural organization of cells, tissues and organs; histogenetically features of the tissue elements at a pathology ; methods of research. Skills: to work with magnifying equipment (microscopes, optical and simple magnifiers); to analyze histopathological assessment of various cellular, tissue and organ structures in pathology .Skills: microscopy and analysis of histological preparations and electronic microphotography.
2.1.10	"Normal physiology" Knowledge: functional systems , their regulation and self-regulation when exposed to the environment in the normal.Skills: interpret the results of the most common methods of functional diagnostics, thermometry to detect pathological processes in organs and systems.
2.1.11	Skills: ability to plan and conduct a physiological experiment, analyze the results.
2.1.12	"Microbiology, Virology" Knowledge: classification, morphology and physiology of microorganisms and viruses, their impact on health, methods of microbiological diagnostics; safety regulations and work in biological laboratories, reagents, devices, animals. Skills: to carry out statistical processing of experimental data. Skills: use information on the principles of sterilization, disinfection and antiseptic treatment of instruments and equipment to avoid infection of the doctor and the patient.
2.1.13	"Immunology" Knowledge: structures and functions of the immune system , its mechanisms of development and functioning, basic methods of immunodiagnostics, methods for assessing the immune status and indications for immunotropic therapy. Skills: to justify the need for clinical and immunological examination of a sick person. Skills: preliminary diagnosis based on the results of laboratory and instrumental examination.
<b>2.2</b>	<b>Course Units and Practical Sessions imposing the prior Proficiency</b>
2.2.1	Therapy, surgery, obstetrics and gynecology, as well as all other specialties related to the diagnosis and treatment of patients.

### 3. STUDENTS' COMPETENCIES RESULTING FROM THE COURSE UNIT (MODULE)

#### Knowledge:

Level 1	mechanisms of action of pathogenic factors on an organism, regularities of origin and development of pathological processes, conditions of transition of compensatory and adaptive reactions in the category of pathological, a role of response of an organism to damage, in emergence of disease.
Level 2	basic concepts, patterns and trends of occurrence and development, concepts and approaches of explanation and study, as well as possible interrelationships of typical pathological processes; individual, age and sex characteristics of <u>General pathological processes in the pathogenesis of individual diseases.</u>
Level 3	etiology, pathogenesis, symptoms of pathological conditions in the experiment; in extreme environmental conditions and clinic. General and distinctive features of experimental pathology from the clinical analogue.

#### Skills:

Level 1	analyze, synthesize, evaluate the mechanisms of action of etiological pathogenic factors, physical, chemical and biological origin on the body, as well as the occurrence, development of damage and conditions of transition of damage to the disease. Be able to distinguish the mechanisms of sanogenesis from the laws of pathogenesis. Be able to distinguish the features of patho - and sanogenesis of the disease pattern in animals from man.
Level 2	interpret etiological, pathogenetic and clinical manifestations of typical pathological processes. To be able to <u>reproduce in animals the individual experimental techniques.</u>
Level 3	to understand, analyze, synthesize, evaluate the basic provisions and details of the doctrine of etiology and outcome of pathological conditions in an experiment and clinic. Reveal the meaning of the established facts in the simulation of animal diseases. To compare the results of the experiment with the clinical data.

#### Expertise:

Level 1	skills of analysis, synthesis, evaluation and application of information on Pato - and sanogenesis, which are sufficient to solve theoretical problems and practical problems in the experiment. Have the ability to simulate disease in animals and <u>interpret the results.</u>
Level 2	skills of differentiated explanation of occurrence, development and outcome of typical pathological processes, skills of synthesis of individual symptoms of typical pathological processes. Master the basic methods of evaluation of the functional state of the human body, the skills of analysis and interpretation of the results of modern diagnostic technologies.
Level 3	skills of pathophysiological analysis of clinical syndromes, substantiate pathogenesis methods (principles) of diagnosis, treatment, rehabilitation and disease prevention. To own skills of expression and justify their own positions on the received information.

#### Final Students' Competences

<b>3.1</b>	<b>Knowledge:</b>
3.1.1	<p>Basic concepts of general nosology; the role of causes, conditions, reactivity of the body in the occurrence, development and completion (outcome) of diseases; causes and mechanisms of typical pathological processes, States and reactions, their manifestations and significance for the body in the development of various diseases; causes, mechanisms and main manifestations of typical disorders of organs and physiological systems of the body; etiology, pathogenesis, manifestations and outcomes of the most frequent forms of pathology of organs and physiological systems, principles of etiological and pathogenetic therapy; the importance of physical and formalized (non-physical) modeling of diseases and disease States, pathological processes, States and reactions for medicine and biology in the study of pathological processes; the role of various modeling methods: experimental (on animals, isolated organs, tissues and cells; on artificial physical systems), logical (intellectual), computer, mathematical, etc. in the study of pathological processes; their capabilities, limitations and prospects; the importance of pathophysiology for the development of medicine and health; the relationship of pathophysiology with other biomedical and medical disciplines.</p>
<b>3.2</b>	<b>Skills:</b>
	<p>To decide professional tasks on the basis of concrete data of pathophysiological analysis: about pathological processes, conditions, reactions and diseases; to provide pathophysiological analysis of laboratory, experimental and other findings and formulate it on the basis of conclusion of causes and mechanisms of pathological processes development (diseases), principals and methods of their detection, treatment and prophylaxis; to realize received skills in education of clinical disciplines in future clinical-prophylaxis activity; to analyze problems of pathophysiology and critically thinking of modern theoretical conceptions and directions in medicine; to plan and to participate in providing experiments on animals (with all dedicated rules); to analyze results of experiments, correct understanding meaning of experiment for studying of clinical pathology forms; to interpret results of spreaded methods of diagnostics; to decide situational tasks different types; to register ECG and to detect main types of arrhythmias, signs of ischemia and myocardial infarction; to estimate cell content of inflammatory exudate and phagocytic activity of leucocytes; to analyze leucocytic formule and to formulate conclusion of its changes; to formulate a conclusion of hemogramm of typical form of pathology of blood system; to detect typical forms of disorder of exchange lung function due to indicator of alveolar ventilation, gas content of blood and circulation in lungs; to differentiate pathological types of breathing and to explain mechanism of their development; to characterize typical disorders of kidneys due to analyses of blood, urine and clearance test, to differentiate different types of jaundice; to estimate indicators of acid-base balance (ABB) and to formulate conclusion of different types of their disturbances; to differentiate different types of hypoxia; to detect typical disturbances of secretory function of gaster and intestines due to analyses of gaster and intestine content; to prove principals of pathogenetic therapy of spreaded diseases</p>
<b>3.3</b>	<b>Expertise:</b>
	<p>Skills of systematic approach to analysis of medical information; elements of evidence-approach medicine based on search of solution using theoretical knowledge and practical skills; skills of analysis of patterns of separate organs and systems functioning in physiological and pathological conditions; basic methods of estimate of functional condition of human organism, skills of analysis and interpretation of modern diagnostic technologies findings, skills of pathophysiological analysis of clinical syndromes, to prove pathogenetic methods (principles) of diagnostic, treatment, rehabilitation and prophylaxis of diseases.</p>